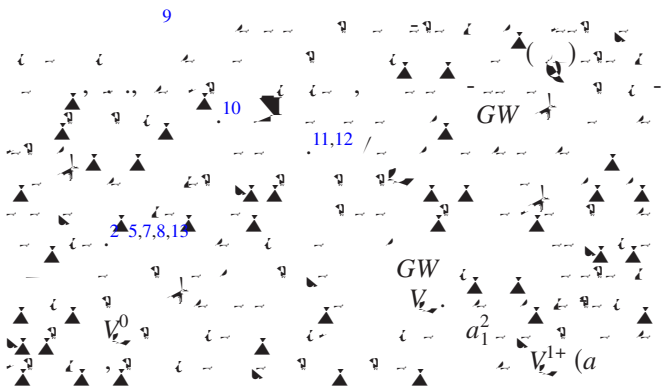


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removal energies $\epsilon_{\downarrow}(q \rightarrow q+1)$ higher
 addition
 energies $\epsilon_{\downarrow}(q \rightarrow q-1)$ lower
 $[V_{\downarrow}^0(a_1^2) \rightarrow V_{\downarrow}^{1+}(a_1^1) \rightarrow V_{\downarrow}^{2+}(a_1^0)]$
 $[V_{\downarrow}^{2+}(a_1^0) \rightarrow V_{\downarrow}^{1+}(a_1^1) \rightarrow V_{\downarrow}^0(a_1^2)]$
 $\epsilon(q/q')$
 a_1
 V_{\downarrow}^{2+}
 (A')
 GW.¹⁸
 2 19.
 20
 (A)
 GW
 E_{\downarrow}
 22
 $+U$
 23
 d
 $U_{\downarrow} J17($

$$e_n^{GW} = e_n - \frac{1}{4} \langle \psi_n^- | \Sigma(e_n^{GW}) \cdot V - | \psi_n^- \rangle, \quad (1)$$

ψ_n^- ($n=1, 2, \dots$)
 $GW = \Sigma$
 W
 GW (3.25) ($GW - A+U$)
 3.34 ($GW -$) (14,26) 1
 a_1 V_e
 a_1 V_e 3
 (E) (E) GW
 4
 $[\dots - 1(\cdot)]$
 1
 $-d$ $-p$
 $+U$ 3,13
 V_e^2 a_1 $A+U$ GW
 3.13 V_e $1(\cdot)$
 J S 3 A
 $[\dots]$

\blacktriangle *GW-corrected thermodynamic transition energies.* /
 GW E_e $A+U$
 $e(q/q')$
 $V_e^{1+} \rightarrow V_e^{2+} + e$ [19] $1(\cdot)$
 V_e^{2+}
 $1+$
 $2+$
 $1+$
 (\dots)

$(\alpha=0.25)$

Absolute formation energies.

