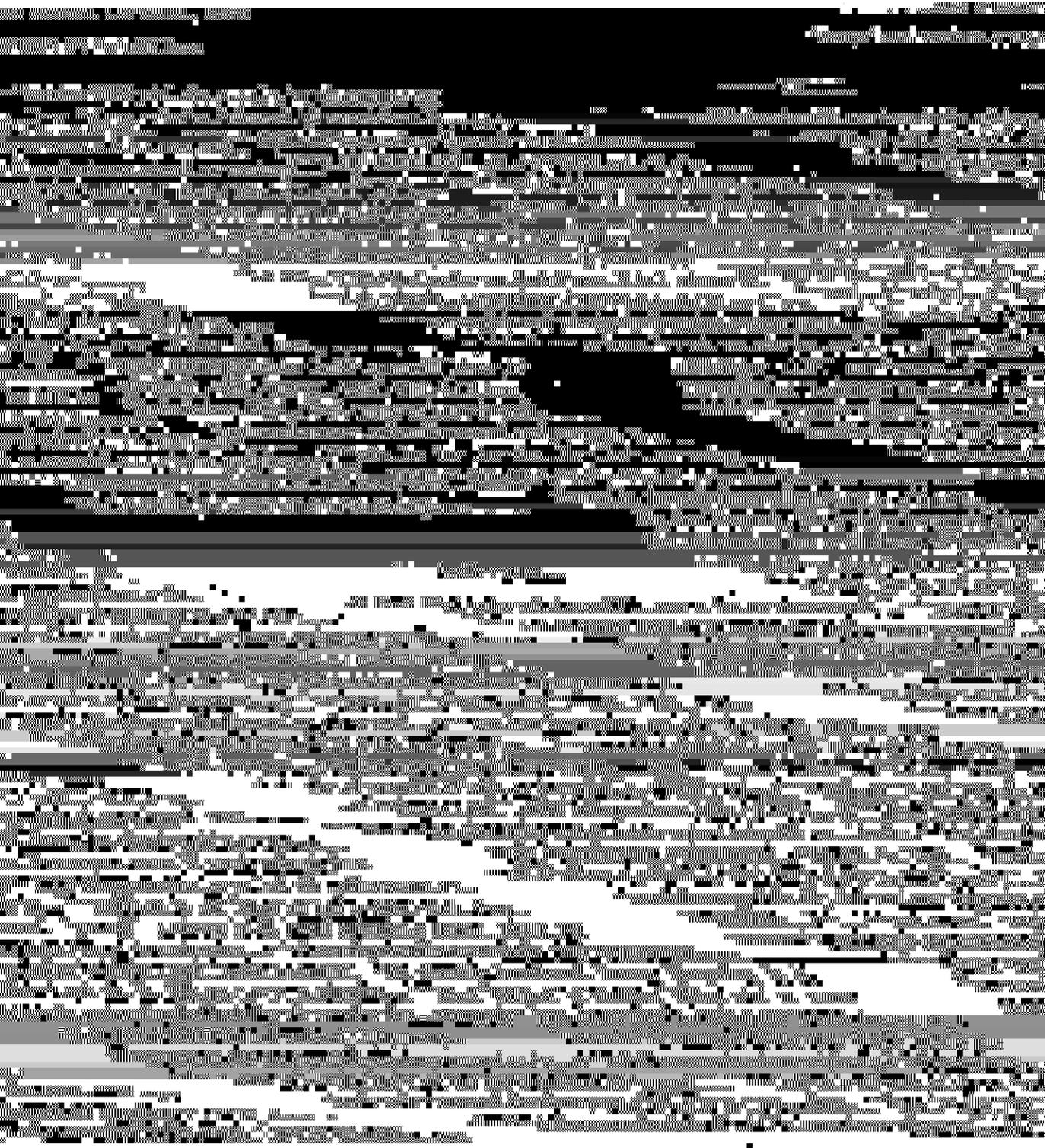


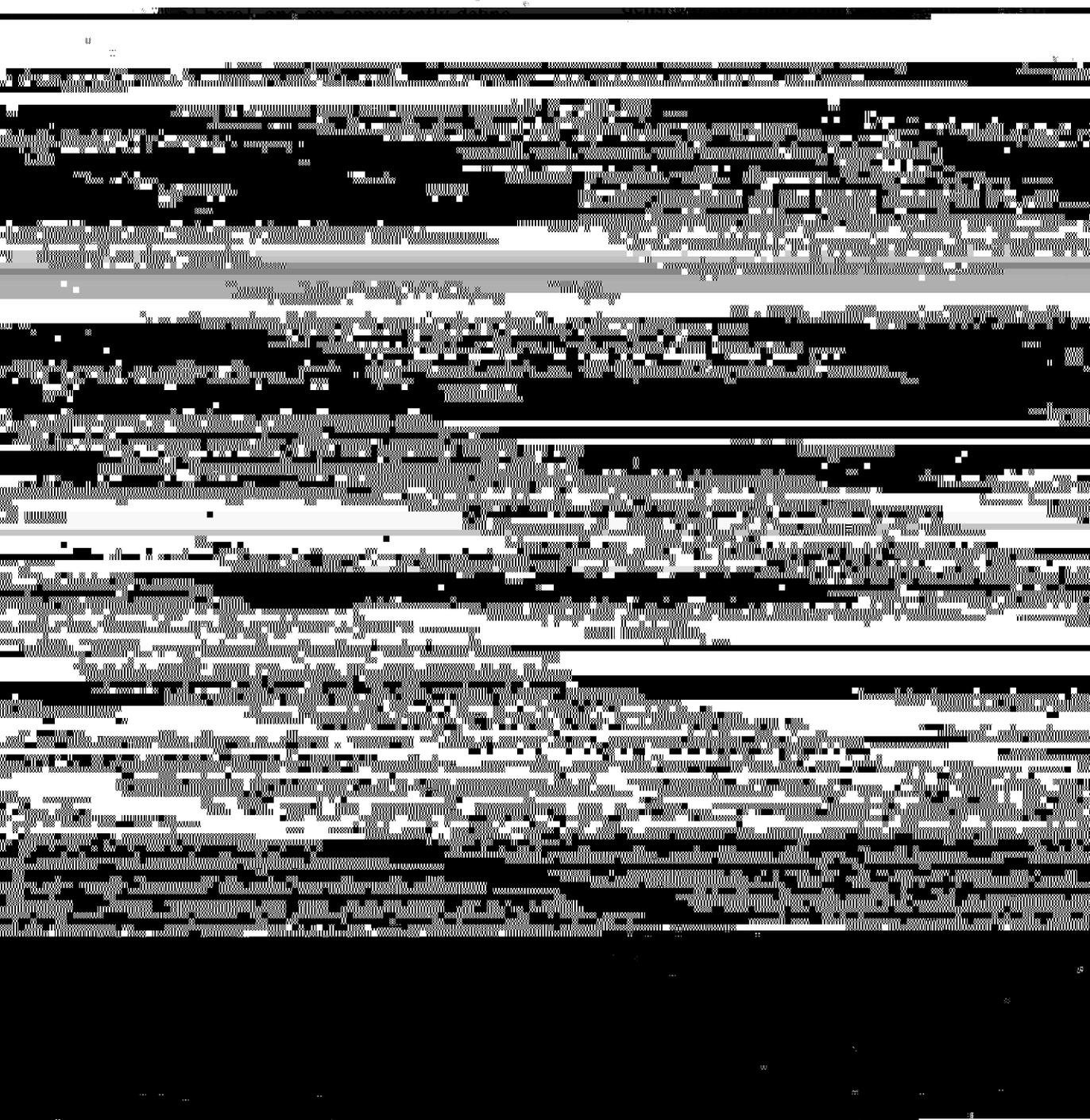
# The Fluorine Distribution in Cristobalite Substituted with Boron

Composition of  $\text{B}_2\text{O}_3$  10-20 mol.-%









to obtain the deformation of the metric tensor. The following summarizes the convergence rates of the test this we will compare the static deformation with the dynamic deformation.

Table 1. Convergence rates of the static deformation.

Table 2. Convergence rates of the dynamic deformation. The convergence rates of the dynamic deformation are shown in Table 2. The convergence rates of the dynamic deformation are shown in Table 2. The convergence rates of the dynamic deformation are shown in Table 2.

The convergence rates of the static deformation  $E_{\text{static}}(\epsilon)$  and the dynamic deformation  $E_{\text{dynamic}}(\epsilon)$  measured and analyzed for an equivalent stress.

$\epsilon$	$E_{\text{static}}(\epsilon)$	$E_{\text{dynamic}}(\epsilon)$	$E_{\text{static}}(\epsilon)$	$E_{\text{dynamic}}(\epsilon)$	$E_{\text{static}}(\epsilon)$	$E_{\text{dynamic}}(\epsilon)$	$E_{\text{static}}(\epsilon)$	$E_{\text{dynamic}}(\epsilon)$
10	288	268	91	191	10	1.164	1.164	1.164
11	10.7258	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
12	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
13	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
14	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
15	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
16	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
17	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
18	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
19	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
20	0.86	0.37	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

The convergence rates of the static deformation  $E_{\text{static}}(\epsilon)$  and the dynamic deformation  $E_{\text{dynamic}}(\epsilon)$  measured and analyzed for an equivalent stress. The convergence rates of the static deformation  $E_{\text{static}}(\epsilon)$  and the dynamic deformation  $E_{\text{dynamic}}(\epsilon)$  measured and analyzed for an equivalent stress. The convergence rates of the static deformation  $E_{\text{static}}(\epsilon)$  and the dynamic deformation  $E_{\text{dynamic}}(\epsilon)$  measured and analyzed for an equivalent stress.





As (5.20) of Fig. 2(c), except for the inner core included in the Fourier series  $\hat{u}_1$  and  $\hat{u}_2$ , the behavior at low  $q$  is dominated by the outer core. In Fig. 4, clearly, the behavior of  $\hat{u}_1$  and  $\hat{u}_2$  is dominated by the outer core. The difference between  $\hat{u}_1$  and  $\hat{u}_2$  is visible near the origin of the  $q$ -axis. In Fig. 4, the behavior of  $\hat{u}_1$  and  $\hat{u}_2$  is dominated by the outer core. The difference between  $\hat{u}_1$  and  $\hat{u}_2$  is visible near the origin of the  $q$ -axis. In Fig. 4, the behavior of  $\hat{u}_1$  and  $\hat{u}_2$  is dominated by the outer core. The difference between  $\hat{u}_1$  and  $\hat{u}_2$  is visible near the origin of the  $q$ -axis.







