

SYMPLECTIC MAPS

symplectic

$$= p \wedge q. \quad (1)$$

$(q_i, p_i), i = 1, \dots, n,$

$(v, w) \in \mathcal{D} \times \mathcal{D} \left[\left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial q_i}, \frac{\partial}{\partial p_i} \right\} \right] \wedge \in \mathbb{R} \left[\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial q_i}, \frac{\partial}{\partial p_i} \right] \right] \wedge \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial q_i}, \frac{\partial}{\partial p_i} \right]$

$F(q, p)$

$$F = q' p' + p q + t H(q, p')$$

$$q' = q + t \frac{H}{p'}, \quad p' = p - t \frac{H}{q}. \quad (4)$$

$H = K(p) + V(q)$

S
 $(\dots, 1, \dots)$

The Symplectic Group

$z_{t+1} = f(z_t)$
 $M = \prod_t Df(z_t)$
 $M \in Sp(2n)$
 $M^t J M = J$
 $2n \times 2n$
 $n(2n+1)$

$J S$
 S
 t
 $-I$
 (\dots)
 $(\dots, 1, \dots)$
 $\& S$

M
 $(M) = 1, M^k, -1$
 $(\dots, -1, \dots)$

- hyperbolic,
- hyperbolic with reflection,
- elliptic, $= 2$
- Krein quartet

$(\dots, -1, \dots, -1)$
 $2 \times 1, 1 \times 1, (0,0), 4 \times 1, 4 \times 0, \dots, -2, 4 \times 1, 0, 1.142, 10, \dots, 1, 0$

$m \cdot (0) \neq n$ m n

C $D(0)$ $(n$
(1).

n
beyond all orders.

$n=1$. $\mathbb{S} \times \mathbb{R}$ (
 $q'/p \geq c > 0$.

Lipschitz graph, $p = P(q)$,

cantorus

2001). (1, 1)

& (1, 2).

(a, b, c) (1).

See also Aubry–Mather theory; Cat map; Chaotic dynamics; Constants of motion and conservation laws; Ergodic theory; Fermi acceleration and Fermi map; Hamiltonian systems; Hénon map; Horseshoes and hyperbolicity in dynamical systems; Lyapunov exponents; Maps; Measures; Melnikov method; Phase space; Standard map

Further Reading

1. *Mathematical Methods of Classical Mechanics*,
2. *Beam Dynamics: A New Attitude and Framework (The Physics and Technology of Particle and Photon Beams)*,
3. 2001. *Symplectic Twist Maps: Global Variational Techniques*.

Manuscript Queries

Title: Encyclopedia of Non-linear Sciences
Alphabet S: Symplectic maps

Page	Query Number	Query
No Query		