

**APPM 2350—Exam 2**

Friday, June 24th 1pm-2:35pm 2022

This exam has 4 problems. Show all your work and simplify your answers. Answers with missing or insufficient justification will receive no points. You are allowed one 8.5×11-in page of notes (ONE side). You may NOT use a calculator, smartphone, smartwatch, the Internet or any other electronic device.

**Problem 1** (30 pts)

Consider the function

$$f(x; y) = \frac{y - x}{y}$$

- (a) Graph the level curve of  $f(x; y)$  that passes through the point  $(0; 2)$ . Label the value of  $f$  along the curve.
- (b) On the same graph as part (a) graph the level curve where  $f(x; y) = 1$ . Label the value of  $f$  along this curve.
- (c) On the same graph as part (a), graph one level curve where  $f(x; y) < 0$ . Label the value of  $f$  along this curve.
- (d) At the point  $(1; 1)$ , give a vector that points in the direction in the domain where this function *decreases* fastest.
- (e) Sketch the vector you found in part (d) starting at  $(1; 1)$  on your graph from part (a).
- (f) Use a *2nd order* (i.e. *quadratic*) Taylor approximation centered at  $(1; 1)$  to approximate  $\frac{\sqrt{1.8}}{1.5}$   
You can leave your answer as an unsimplified sum and/or difference of terms.

**Problem 2** (22 pts) The temperature (in degrees Farenheit) in a region in space is given by

$$T(x; y; z) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}xyz$$

A particle is moving in this region and its position at time  $t$  is given by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = 2 \cos(t) \mathbf{i} + e^{(9-t^2)} \mathbf{j} - 2t \mathbf{k}$$

where time is measured in seconds and distance in meters.

- (a) Use the chain rule to determine how fast the temperature experienced by the particle is changing in degrees Farenheit *per second* at the point  $(x; y; z) = (2; 1; 6)$ .
- (b) How fast is the temperature experienced by the particle changing in degrees Farenheit *per meter* at the point  $(x; y; z) = (2; 1; 6)$ ? (i.e. find the rate of change of the temperature with respect to distance in the direction the particle is moving at the point  $(x; y; z) = (2; 1; 6)$ ).

**Problem 3** (28 pts)

The following parts are not related:

- (a) Find and classify all critical points of

$$g(x; y) = x^4 + y^4 - 4xy$$

- (b) An airplane moves in a trajectory given by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = 4t \mathbf{i} + t \mathbf{j} + t^2 \mathbf{k} \quad t \geq 0$$

Given this trajectory, it will intersect the following surface twice:

$$z = 2x + 2y - y^2 - 8$$

Determine the tangent plane to the surface at the location where the airplane intersects the surface for a second time. Give your answer in standard (i.e. linear) form.

**Problem 4** (20 pts)

A mother puts her child on an amusement park ride that takes the child along a path in the  $xy$ -plane described by the equation  $x^2 - 2x = 4y - y^2$ . While the child is on the ride, the mother stands at the location  $(x; y) = (0; 0)$ .

- (a) Use Lagrange multipliers to find the minimum and maximum distances from the mother to the child during the ride.
- (b) Give the  $(x; y)$  coordinates of the child at the minimum and maximum distances.

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End Of Exam

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